

### Quarterly Journal of Social Development

Journal Homepage: www.qjsd.scu.ac.ir Print ISSN: 2536-3205 Online ISSN: 2588-6444

# Quarterly Journal of Social Development

(Previously Human Development)

# The Effect of Information Technology on the Life Style of People in Izeh City

Hossein Moltafet \*□, Forud Moradi sargholi\*\*

\* Assistant Professor of Sociology, Department of Social Sciences, Faculty of Economics and Social Sciences, Shahid Chamran University of Ahvaz, Ahvaz, Iran (Corresponding Author)

**Email:** (moltafet\_h@scu.ac.ir) **Orcid**: 0000-0003-1761-8600

Postal address: Iran, Khuzestan, Ahvaz, Golestan, Shahid Chamran University of Ahvaz

\*\* PhD student in Sociology, Faculty of Economics and Social Sciences, Shiraz University, Shiraz, Iran..

Email: (foroudmoradi1395@gmail.com)

# ARTICLE HISTORY Received: 2022/7/26

Acceptance: 2023/3/3

Online Publication: Spring 2024

#### KEYWORDS

Internet life Style

ige Styte Communication and Information

Technology

Media Consumption

**ACKNOWLEDGMENTS**: Acknowledgments may be made to individuals or institutions that have made an important contribution.

**CONFLICT OF INTEREST**: The authors declare no conflict of interest.

**FUNDING**: The author(s) received no financial support for the research, authorship, and publication of this article.

© 2021 Shahid Chamran University of Ahvaz, Ahvaz, Iran. This article is an open access article distributed under the terms and conditions of the Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial 4.0 International (CC BY-NC 4.0 license) (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/)



#### How to Cite:

Moltafet, H.; Moradi Sargholi, F. (2024). The Effect of Information Technology on the Life Style of People in Izeh City, Social Development, 18 (3), 195-220.

10.22055/QJSD.2023.28005.1818

#### EXTENDED ABSTRACT

#### INTRODUCTION

With the advent of modernity and its consequences, such as urbanization, industrialization, and the spread of communication, customs and traditions, there have been fundamental changes in the traditional way of life of people. And by increasing awareness and creating opportunities to build and continue building the history of traditional life, it becomes a new life, although the tradition directs a person to a specific path. It can be acknowledged that one of the consequences of modernity is the promotion of a kind of consumerism spirit among the people of the society, which has caused the scope of people's options to increase, considering the significant variety of consumption of material cultural goods, and to experience a new way of life. Lifestyle, as the most tangible level of life and culture, is changing rapidly, affected by the speed of social changes and the scope of competition in the supply of products through various media. In today's society, new communication technology transforms not only the material and economic life of people, but also their symbolic frameworks. The communication revolution in the current era has had tremendous effects on different aspects of human life, the most important of which is the impact of new communication and information technologies on lifestyle. The purpose of this research is to investigate the role of information technology on the lifestyle of the people of Izeh city. The theoretical framework of the research is based on the lifestyle theories of Bourdieu, Adler, Simmel, Weber, etc. and the theory of social changes.

#### METHODOLOGY

In this research, a survey method and a questionnaire were used to collect data. The statistical population in this research is all the citizens aged 18 to 60 of Izeh city with the estimated sample size of 384 people using Cochran's formula, and proportional stratified random sampling was used to obtain the research sample. In this way, first, a quota was assigned to each region according to the population of households in each region of the city, and then within each region, sample people were randomly selected by the



researchers. Pearson's correlation coefficient and multivariate regression were used to analyze the collected data.

#### **FINDINGS**

Descriptive findings related to lifestyle indicators show that leisure lifestyle has the highest average (42.36) out of 56 and health-treatment lifestyle has the lowest average (72.19) out of 88. In general, the average obtained from the lifestyle indicators shows that all trends are on the average. Also, the average obtained from the media consumption variable, Internet (28.81) is 35, which shows that the tendency is high. Statistical data analysis showed that there is a direct and meaningful relationship between media consumption (use of the Internet) and lifestyles (leisure, consumption, social, cultural, economic, health and modern) of the people of Izeh city; But there is no significant relationship between media consumption and the traditional lifestyle of the people of Izeh city.

#### **CONCLUSION**

From the findings of the research, it can be concluded that one of the most important factors affecting the lifestyle of Izeh citizens is the use of the Internet and communication with the surrounding world, and this communication changes the traditional way of life and replaces it with new styles. Therefore, it can be said that in the digital age, all aspects of citizens' lives are affected by modernity and globalization, and the media plays its role as a tool in this field.

## References:

Abazari, Y.; Chavashian, H. (2002). "From Social to Lifestyle: New Approaches to Sociological Analysis", Social Sciences Letter, No. 20, pp. 3-27. (Persian).

Stefan Little, J. (2005). Communication Theories, Translation; Seyedakbar Mirhosseini, Morteza Nourbakhsh, Forest Publishing, Tehran.

Bourdieu, P. (2001). Theory of action, practical reasons and rational choice. Translated by Morteza Mardiha, Tehran: Role and Journal.

Bourdieu, P. (2001). Theory of action, practical reasons and rational choice. Translated by Morteza Mardiha, Tehran: Role and Journal.

Tene, A. (2009). Theories and Researches in Connection, Translation: Naeem Badiei, Tehran: Hammshahri Publishing.



Jafari, A.; Fathi, H. (2017). "The Relationship between Media Consumption and Lifestyle Change (Case Study: Islamic Azad University Students)", New Media Studies, Spring 2012 - No. 9 (From 221 to 255). (Persian).

Hamidi, A. (2008). Providing reference services in the electronic environment, Tehran: Quarterly Journal of Book 65. (Persian).

Dindar Farokosh, F.; Sadriinia, H. (2009). Public Relations and Media, Sade-e-Rosh Publications, Tehran.

Zokaei, M. S. (2002). "Subculture, Lifestyle and Identity", Quarterly journal of social science education. No. 20-21, pp. 20-27. (Persian).

Rabbani, R.; Rastegar, Y. (2008). "Young, Lifestyle and Consumer Culture", Tehran: Cultural Engineering Monthly, Third Year, No. 23 & 24. (Persian).

Rabiei A., Shah Ghasemi, A. (2008). "The Role of Communications in Crisis Management", Journal of Cultural and Cultural Studies, 7, 61 - 81. (Persian).

Rabiei A., Shah Ghasemi, A. (2009). "I do not trust anyone: an investigation into the consequences of the Internet effect on the behavior of Iranian users", World Media Magazine No. 7. (Persian).

Rasouli, M. R. (2003). "Study the components of lifestyle in commercial TV commercials", Tehran: The Allameh Tabatabai University, No. 23. (Persian).

Zohri, M. (2010). Comparative Study of Factors Related to the Lifestyle of Industrial Workers and Employers in Iran (Case Study: Aran & Bidgol County Carpet Industry). Master's thesis in Social Sciences Sociology, Faculty of Economics, Management and Social Sciences, Shiraz University. (Persian).

Shalchi, V. (2003). "Lifestyle Youth Cafe", Tehran: Cultural Research Quarterly, Year 1, No. 1, pp. 93-115. (Persian).

Shafi Abadi, A.; Naseri, Gh. (1992). Theories of counseling and psychotherapy. Tehran University Publication Center. (Persian).

Fazeli, M. (2003). Consumption and Lifestyle. Qom: Sayyah Sadiq. (Persian).

Federstone, M. (2001). "Aestheticizing Daily Life", Translation by Mahsa Karampoor; Organon Magazine No. 19, pp. 187-228.

Fayyaz, A. (2011). The Functioning and Influence of the Media on Some Social Crises in Media and Public Culture, Tehran: Research, Culture, Arts and Communication. (Persian).

Giddens, A. (2001). Consequences of Modernity, translation by Mohsen Solati. Tehran: Publishing Center, Second Edition.

Giddens, A. (2002). Modernity and Individuality: A Society and Personal Identity in a New Age, Translated by Naser Mofeghian, Tehran: Nayer Rey.

Giddens, A. (2002). Modernity and Individuality: A Society and Personal Identity in a New Age, Translated by Naser Mofeghian, Tehran: Nay Rey.

Giddens, A. (2003). Sociology. Translated by Manouchehr Sabouri, Tehran Noisheh Publishing.

Giddens, A. (2009). Modernity and Individuality; Society and Personal Identity in the New Age. Translation: Nasser Sadiyan. Tehran: Nay.



Moghaddas, A. A.; Lalsayizadeh, A.; Ghaffari Nasab, E. (2008). "The Influence of Communication and Information Technologies on Lifestyle: A Case Study of the Immigrants and Indigenous Peoples of Fars", World Media Magazine. Spring 2008, No. 5. (Persian).

Mahdi Khani, M. S. (2007). "The concept of lifestyle and its scope in the social sciences", Tehran: Quarterly Journal of Cultural Research, Vol. 1, No. 1, Autumn 2007, pp. 199-230. [Persian]

Hendry, L. B. & et. al, (2004). Leisure time and youth lifestyles. Translated by Faramarz Kakoli Dezfuli and Morteza Melanazar, National Youth Organization, Tehran: Third Generation.

Shah Mohammadi, A. (2006). Persuasion and propaganda: Sociology and Techniques, Zarbaf Asl Publishing, Tehran. (Persian).

Nabakh, F. (2017). "Lifestyle changes in the development process of new technology tools", Social Development Studies of Iran, Spring 2014, Year 6 No.2 (Page 45 to 63). (Persian).

Bourdieu, P. (1984). Distinction: A social critique of the judgments of taste, London: R.K.P

Chaney, D. (2001). "From Ways of Life to Lifestyle: Rethinking Calture as Ideology and Sensibility, in J.Lull (ed)", Calture in the Communication Age, cited In Taylor. Lisa. Pp. 75-88.

Chaney, D. (1996). Lifestyle, London, Routledge.

Evanse, D. & T. Jackson (2007). Towards a Sociology of Sustainable Lifestyles. University of Surrey.

Shah Dhavan, V. & Douglas M. McLeod & Eunkyung Kim & Sun Young Lee & Melissa R. Gotlieb & Shirley S. Ho and Hilde Breivik (2007). "Political Consumerism: How Communication and Consumption Orientations Drive Lifestyle Politics", the Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. 2007; 611; 217-235.

Thyra C. Uth (1996). Definition of Lifestyle and its Application to travel behavior. PhD student. Department at the Aarhus school of Business. Aalborg, Denmark.